

# PhotoMOS<sup>®</sup> Automotive relays

When it comes to passenger safety in xEV cars, PhotoMOS<sup>®</sup> relays are a leading part for battery isolation monitoring. The fast electronic MOSFET relays can be used for leakage current detection between the car chassis and the HV battery.

## **Application Note**



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## **Isolation monitoring**

#### Product

Automotive MOSFET relays // PhotoMOS® e. g. AQW216HAX, AQV219HAX, AQV258HAX

#### Purpose

High reliability switching within harsh automotive operational conditions Electric vehicles operate with high-voltage between 450V DC and 1000V DC where a safe separation of low voltage (chassis) and high voltage (power train) is needed

#### Features

Special lead frame: DIP5 package to meet clearance and creepage requirements Double molding Accordance to AEC-Q101 Ambient temperature range: -40°C to +105°C.





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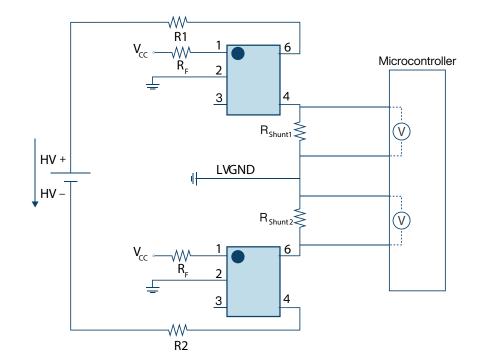
## **Isolation monitoring**

#### **Facts & Figures**

The most common application for MOSFET relays in the automotive sector is isolation monitoring. Target of this application is to check the secure separation between HV+ and chassis as well as HV- and chassis. To do so, two monitoring paths are necessary:

In connection with a highorhmic resistor chain (R1 and R2), a PhotoMOS<sup>®</sup> and a shunt resistor (RShunt1 and RShunt2) the secure separation of the high-voltage and low-voltage sides of the electrical system is checked. Range:  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+105^{\circ}$ C.

Both paths are switched alternating, means if PhotoMOS® of HV+ path is closed, PhotoMOS® of HV- path is open and vice versa. Means in normal operation mode, no current will flow due to an always open circuit.







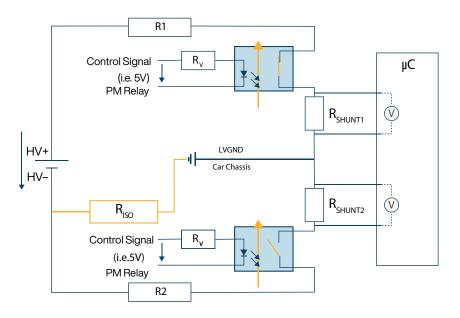
## **Isolation monitoring**

#### **Facts & Figures**

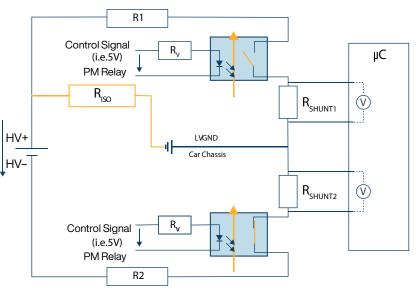
**Panasonic** 

INDUSTRY

In case of an isolation failure in the system there is a certain resistance (Riso), means a more or less conductive connection between Chassis and HV+ and/or HV-. If the test is performed now, means a PhotoMOS® is closed there is a closed circuit between



HV+ and HV- and thus, there is a certain current flow in the corresponding path. Due to that current through the Shunt resistor (RShunt1 and/or RShunt2) a respective voltage drop is detected by the control electronics and as a result a cutoff function for the traction battery is activated.









**Get** here the PhotoMOS® relay App!





Application Note - How to solve various tasks with PhotoMOS® Automotive relays Date: April 2024

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Notes: Data and descriptions in this document are subject to change without notice. Product renderings are for illustration purposes only and may differ from the real product appearance.



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